

Office of the Principal, Govt Rajmohini Devi Girls PG College

NAAC Grade = "B+" Ambikapur, Dist :- Surguja (Chhattishgarh) College Code :- 3402 Office : 07774-235266 Mail ID: ggpgcollege.ambikapur@rediffmail.com, website: <u>http://rmdgirlspgcollege.ac.in</u>

3.2.1 Institution has created an eco-system for innovations including Incubation Centre and other initiatives for creation and transfer of knowledge

Government Rajmohini Devi Girls Post Graduate College, Chhattisgarh is a tribal-dominated college of Sarguja located in a remote forest. Where tribal children of rural areas take education. In the ecosystem here, it is the endeavor of the college that keeping in mind the local needs and their commercial use, employment generation and innovation ideas should be given prominence.

At the local level, tribal food habits, dresses, static goods, medicinal food habits and their uses etc. are included in their subject curriculum and their practical and commercial studies are done. Local delicacies, which have high medicinal value, are manufactured and sold through canteens by the Department of Home Science in the college.

Various paintings and local print styles, embroidery, documentaries etc. are printed on clothes, their handkerchiefs, dupatta and children's clothes and their commercial use is also taught by the students of Department of Human Development. Along with this, therapeutic diets training, low cost recipes, food preservation training, making soft toys etc. are also taught by the Department of Home Science.

The Department of Political Science inspires its girl students to understand their local needs by studying the schemes run at the Panchayat level and to make salable goods from the raw materials available there. Items of daily use like baskets, soups, brooms etc. are made from bamboo by the students of Botany Department. Along with this, making Dona Pattal from Sal leaves, Mahua leaves, Palas leaves and making mats, brooms, etc. from Chhind leaves, date palm leaves.

Jaundice is treated with ornamental plants, medicinal plants like Giloy to increase immunity and Punarnava local names like Khadoos or gadah pundo etc. It is used in the areas of villages after learning water and soil training by the students of Department of chemistry. The Food Adulteration Awareness Program is taught by the Department of chemistry.